

Republic of the Philippines
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
Region I
SCHOOLS DIVISION OFFICE
DAGUPAN CITY



DIVISION MEMORANDUM

No. 247 S. 2019

RELEASED
DEF-ED
DATE: 7-22-19
BY: F 145

TO : All Public Elementary and Secondary School Principals/Heads *TV 4462*

FROM : Office of the Schools Division Superintendent

DATE : July 22, 2019

SUBJECT : Reiteration of DepEd Memorandum No. 152, s. 2011 Preventing Dengue in Schools

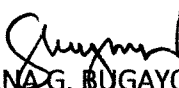
Relative to DepEd Memorandum No. 152 s. 2011 re: Preventing Dengue Cases in Schools, this office reiterates the importance of taking preventive measures in schools during this rainy season.

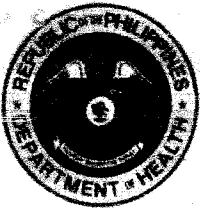
All public elementary and secondary schools are enjoined to actively observe the following actions as part of the intensive drive against Dengue:

- Search and destroy possible breeding areas of vector causing Dengue.
- Clean surroundings daily to avoid accumulation of rain water and eliminate possible breeding sites.
- Do the 4 o'clock habit, an annual campaign of the Department of Health that mobilized the community to search and destroy possible mosquito-breeding sites at 4:00 p.m. daily.
- Integrate the topic on Dengue in school curriculum/lesson including ways to search and destroy.
- Practice "4S Laban sa Dengue" (Search and Destroy, Self protection measures, Seek early consultation, Say "no" to indiscriminate fogging but "yes" in case of outbreak.)
- Report Dengue cases to the nearest Health Center and the Division Office (Attention: Medical Unit)

Attached herewith is the Health Advisory from Department of Health. Secretary Dr. Francisco T. Duque III for reference.

Immediate and wide dissemination of the contents of this memorandum is desired.


DR. LORNA G. BUGAYONG, CESO VI
Schools Division Superintendent
LM



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Health

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

DUQUE DECLARES NATIONAL DENGUE ALERT IN SELECTED REGIONS

Press Release/15 July 2019

Health Secretary Francisco T. Duque III today declared a National Dengue Alert due to the rapidly increasing number of cases observed in several regions.

Among regions which have exceeded the epidemic threshold are MIMAROPA (Region IV-B), Western Visayas (Region VI), Central Visayas (Region VII), and Northern Mindanao (Region X). The Health Chief disclosed that clustering of cases must be identified by the DOH regional office as a basis for declaring a localized epidemic at the barangay level.

Meanwhile, the following regions are being monitored after having exceeded the alert threshold -- Ilocos, Cagayan Valley, CALABARZON, Bicol, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Davao, Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao, and Cordillera Administrative Region.

In coordination with the National Disaster Risk Reduction Management Council (NDRRMC), through Undersecretary Ricardo Jalad of the Office of Civil Defense, code blue alert is activated. DOH as lead agency, will be convening the NDRRMC Health Cluster.

From January 1 to June 29 this year, most cases are from Western Visayas (13,164), CALABARZON (11,474), Central Visayas (9,199), SOCCSKSARGEN (9,107), and Northern Mindanao (8,739). Dengue cases nationwide now reach a cumulative figure of 106,630. This is 85% higher compared to the same period last year (57,564).

Duque explained that dengue cases have been observed to peak every 3-4 years. He added that early detection and proper case management can prevent deaths. The last peak occurred in 2016, given this pattern, the DOH expects an increase in cases this year.

Dengue is a viral disease with no known vaccine or specific antibiotics. Effective surveillance can also help in reducing cases and deaths if areas with clustering of cases are identified early.

Signs and symptoms of disease are severe headache, pain behind the eyes, severe joint and muscle pain, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, and skin rashes.

The most effective way to prevent dengue is still the **4S strategy** – Search and destroy mosquito breeding places, Self-protective measures like wearing long sleeves and use of insect repellent, Seek early consultation on the first signs and symptoms of the disease, and Say yes to fogging if there is an impending outbreak.

“Dengue is preventable through the 4S strategy and early detection. Do the 4S and know its signs and symptoms,” Secretary Duque urged the public.

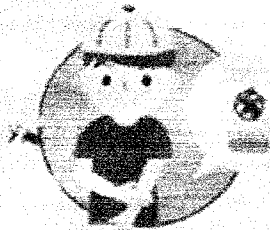
MAGING ALERTO!

Tag-ulan na naman, dumarami ang lamok at tumataas ang kaso ng Dengue at Chikungunya.

Mag 4S tayo!



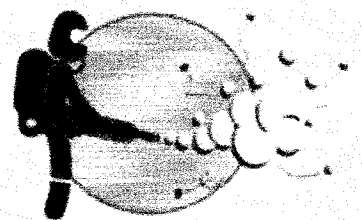
Suyurin at sirain ang pinamumugaran ng mga lamok



Sarili ay protektahan laban sa lamok



Sumanguni agad sa pagamutan kapag may sintomas na ng dengue



Sumuporta sa 'fogging/spraying' kapag may banta na ng outbreak



**WALANG DENGUE
AT CHIKUNGUNYA**

Kapag may lagnat nang dalawang araw, kumonsulta o pumunta sa pinakamalapit na pagamutan.



DOH Hotlines
711-1001; 711-1002



OfficialDOHgov
doh.gov.ph

DENG-GET OUT!

Pangalagaan ang sarili laban sa kagat ng lamok.

Tumataas na naman ang kaso ng Dengue. Alamin ang sintomas nito para sa inyong agarang aksiyon.



Lagnat



Pananakit sa likod ng mata



Pananakit ng ulo



Rashes



Pagsusuka



Pananakit at pamamaga ng mga kasukalan

kumonsulta agad sa pinakamalapit na health facility sa inyong lugar.
Kapag may lagnat ng dalawang araw.



711-1001
711-1002



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